## ECTS CATALOGUE WITH LEARNING OUTCOMES University of Montenegro

Faculty of Economics / Ekonomija (2017.) / FINANSIJSKA I AKTUARSKA MATEMATIKA

| Prerequisites | No conditionality |
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| Aims | The subject aims to enable students to understand the basic definitions, theorems, principles and methods of financial mathematics, which are widely used in economics, e.g. in financial management, securities, banking business, insurance, ... |
| Lecturer / Teaching assistant | prof. dr Vladimir Kašćelan, doc. dr Saša Vujošević, Tanja Mirotić |
| Metdod | A classical lecture and exercises. Discussion and clarification during lectures. Short oral test of understanding and knowledge of the subject matter of the lectures, with the active participation of students in solving problems. It is planned one test and final exam. |
| Week 1, lectures | Classical calculations in economic mathematics: division, proportions, mixtures, percentage calculation Depreciation of fixed assets. |
| Week 1, exercises | Classical calculations in economic mathematics: division, proportions, mixtures, percentage calculation Depreciation of fixed assets. |
| Week 2, lectures | The concept of the time value of money - the equivalence principle. Interest calculation (decursive and anticipative method). Equivalent interest rates. Simple and compound interest. Discounting (present value) method and method of prolongation |
| Week 2, exercises | The concept of the time value of money - the equivalence principle. Interest calculation (decursive and anticipative method). Equivalent interest rates. Simple and compound interest. Discounting (present value) method and method of prolongation. (Qiuz 1) |
| Week 3, lectures | Nominal, relative and effective interest rate. Discounting short term bonds. Price determination of instruments in the money market |
| Week 3, exercises | Nominal, relative and effective interest rate. Discounting short term bonds. Price determination of instruments in the money market. (Quiz 2) |
| Week 4, lectures | Consumer loans. Streams of payments - periodic cash inflow and outflow. Investment loans |
| Week 4, exercises | Consumer loans. Streams of payments - periodic cash inflow and outflow. Investment loans. (Quiz 3) |
| Week 5, lectures | Conversion of the loan. Intercalary interest. Profitability of investments. |
| Week 5, exercises | Conversion of the loan. Intercalary interest. Profitability of investments. (Qiuz 4) |
| Week 6, lectures | Evaluation of long-term bonds. Determination of stock value |
| Week 6, exercises | Evaluation of long-term bonds. Determination of stock value. (Quiz 5) |
| Week 7, lectures | Generalization of the theory of interest rates- effective and nominal interest rates. Theorem on accumulation factor. |
| Week 7, exercises | Generalization of the theory of interest rates- effective and nominal interest rates. Theorem on accumulation factor. (Quiz 6) |
| Week 8, lectures | Present value of discrete and continuous cash flows. Internal rate of return (IRR). Comparison of two investment projects. |
| Week 8, exercises | Present value of discrete and continuous cash flows. Internal rate of return (IRR). Comparison of two investment projects. (Quiz 7) |
| Week 9, lectures | Effective interest rates on loans and deposits. The case of different active and passive interest rates. DPP discounted payback period. The impact of inflation. |
| Week 9, exercises | Effective interest rates on loans and deposits. The case of different active and passive interest rates. DPP discounted payback period. The impact of inflation. (Quiz 8) |
| Week 10, lectures | Derivatives- forwards, futures, swaps and options. Test |
| Week 10, exercises | Derivatives- forwards, futures, swaps and options. (Quiz 9) |
| Week 11, lectures | Basic concepts of probability theory- classical definition, random variables and their expectation Introduction to actuarial mathematics. Biometric functions. Mortality rate. Expected and probable life duration. |
| Week 11, exercises | Basic concepts of probability theory- classical definition, random variables and their expectation Introduction to actuarial mathematics. Biometric functions. Mortality rate. Expected and probable life duration. (Quiz 10) |
| Week 12, lectures | Life annuities payable annual (single net premium). Life insurance (single net premium)- pure endowment, whole life insurance (annual case), endowment. Make-up test |
| Week 12, exercises | Life annuities payable annual (single net premium). Life insurance (single net premium)- pure endowment, whole life insurance (annual case), endowment. |


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| Week 13, lectures | Life insurance on the fixed term. Annuities payable m times a year. |
| Week 13, exercises | Life insurance on the fixed term. Annuities payable m times a year. |
| Week 14, lectures | Case of more than one premium (net premiums). Premiums payable $m$ times per year. |
| Week 14, exercises | Case of more than one premium (net premiums). Premiums payable m times per year. |
| Week 15, lectures | Gross premium calculation. Repetition. |
| Week 15, exercises | Gross premium calculation. Repetition. |
| Student obligations | Students are required to attend classes. |
| Consultations | Available information on website and noticeboard. |
| Workload | 6 |
| Literature |  |
| Examination metdods | Test - 40 points Final exam - 50 points 10 Quizzes - 10 points |
| Special remarks |  |
| Comment |  |
| Learning outcomes | After completion of this course the student will be able to: 1. Define simple and complex proportion, division of given value, weighted average and apply the percentages to solve business mathematics tasks. 2. Define the anticipative and decursive method of interest calculation, nominal, relative and effective interest rate and apply these concepts in determining the prices of instruments in the money market. 3. Determine the annuity and to make a plan of repayment of consumer and investment loans. 4. Apply the equivalence principle and the methods of discounting and prolongation in testing the profitability of investments, as well as in evaluation of long-term bonds and shares. 5. Calculate the discount factor with a variable interest rate, applied it to periodic annuities and compare it with the discount factors in discrete and continuous case with a constant interest rate. 6. Calculate the discount factor in insurance-technical sense, define biometric functions and apply financial mathematics and probability to solve simple actuarial mathematics tasks. 7. Describe the types of life insurance and to calculate the net and gross premium for each of them. |

